

Dover Area School District Curriculum Cover Sheet

Grade: 6th-8th Subject/Course Title: Art Credit:

Course Description: The middle school art curriculum is a student-led, project-based curriculum designed to empower students to learn to make all the choices regarding their art experience. In the middle school art room, students are introduced to and work with a variety of art tools and materials. They are then able to determine subject matter and materials for their own artwork while utilizing extensive planning processes and reflection techniques. The art room is set up in various studio centers that the student is free to explore in order to create. There are underlying structures that allow students the freedom and responsibility to engage in their learning. Ultimately, students are able to experience an authentic creative process.

Instructional Resources: art tools and materials, iPads, Google Slides, YouTube, artist exemplars, student exemplars



NCAS Corrolation	PA Standards	Know	Understand	Do
CREATING Anchor Standard #1. Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work. Anchor Standard #2. Organize and develop artistic ideas and work. Anchor Standard #3. Refine and	Standard - 9.1.8.A Know and use the elements and principles of each art form to create works in the arts and humanities. <u>Elements</u> Visual Arts: • color • form/shape • line • space • texture • value Principles Visual Arts: • balance • contrast • emphasis/focal point • movement/rhythm • proportion/scale • repetition • unity/harmony	Elements of Art Principles of Design Line Contrast Shape Balance Color Emphasis Texture Repetition Form Proportion Space Movement Value Unity	People use the elements and principles of art as tools for artistic expression.	Use the Elements of Art to create a variety of artworks.
complete artistic work	9.1.8.B Recognize, know, use and demonstrate a variety of appropriate arts elements and principles to produce, review and revise original works in the arts. Visual Arts: • paint • draw • craft • sculpt • print • design for environment, communication, multi-media	Paint Draw Sculpt Craft Print Design Artists document ideas and observations through journals, sketchbooks, samples, models, photographs and/or electronic files/portfolios.	Understand that there are a variety of art skills.	Demonstrate a variety of techniques to produce art.
	9.1.8.C Identify and use comprehensive vocabulary within each of the art forms.	Line Proportion Shape Movement Color Unity Texture Paint Form Draw Space Sculpt Value Craft Contrast Print Balance Design Emphasis Craftsmanship Repetition	Understand and use vocabulary specific to art.	Identify and use words commonly used when making and talking about art.
PERFORMING Anchor Standard #4. Select, analyze and interpret artistic work for presentation. Anchor Standard #5. Develop	9.1.8.D Demonstrate knowledge of at least two styles within each art form through a performance or exhibition of a unique work.	Art has different styles, each identifiable with its own particular characteristics. Styles: Illustration, Animation, Collage, Pop Art, Contemporary, Abstraction, Expressionism, Surrealism, Op Art, Realism, Photorealism, Impressionism, Modern	Artists use different styles depending on their ideas and reasons for making art.	Identify and use at least two different styles of art.
and work for presentation.	9.1.8.E Communicate a unifying theme or point of view through the production of works in the arts.	Artists can express a unifying theme or share a point of view through their artwork.	People have expressed experiences and ideas through the arts throughout time.	Create works that share a unifying theme or point of view.
Anchor Standard #6. Convey meaning through the presentation of artistic work	9.1.8.F Explain works of others through performance or exhibition.	By seeing the work of different artists displayed together, you can gain a new appreciation for their technques and styles.	The arts provide a medium to understand and exchange ideas.	Create works for display and/or exhibition.
	9.1.8.G Explain the function and benefits of rehearsal and practice sessions.	Artists improve their skills and techniques through practice.	The skills, techniques, and elements and principles of the arts can be learned, studied, refined and practiced.	While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of planning, creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these steps.



NCAS Corrolation	PA Standards	Know	Understand	Do
and conceptualize artistic ideas and work. Anchor Standard #2. Organize and develop artistic ideas and work.	 9.1.8.H Demonstrate and maintain materials, equipment and tools safely at work and performance spaces. Analyze the use of materials. Explain issues of cleanliness related to the arts. Explain the use of mechanical/electrical equipment. Demonstrate how to work in selected physical space/environments. Demonstrate the selections of safe props/stage equipment. Demonstrate methods for storing materials in the arts. 	Artists use and care for a variety of tools and materials to create art.	Understand artists use tools and resources to create art.	Use art tools and materials safely. Clean up art materials safely.
PERFORMING Anchor Standard #4. Select, analyze and interpret artistic work for presentation. Anchor Standard #5. Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation. Anchor Standard #6. Convey meaning through the presentation of artistic work.	9.1.8.1 Know where arts events, performances, and exhibitions occur and how to gain admission. 9.1.8.J Incorporate specific uses of traditional and contemporary technologies within the design for producing, performing, and exhibiting works in the arts or the works of others. Explain and demonstrate traditional technologies (e.g., paint, tools, spnges, weaving designs, instruments, natural pigments/glazes). Explain and demonstrate contemporary technologies (e.g., MIDI keyboards, Internet design, computers, interactive technologies, audio/sound equipment, board-mixer, computerized lighting design). 9.1.8.K Incorporate specific uses of traditional and contemporary technology in furthering knowledge and understanding in the humanities.	Artists display their work to share with others. Artists use a variety of tools to create art, both traditional and contemporary. Traditional: pencil, paint, paper, pastel, clay Contemporary: iPads, Printmaking Molds, Cameras Artists use both traditional and contemporary technology to share ideas through art.	The arts provide a method to understand and share ideas. Understand that traditional tools and contemporary tools can be used to create art. Understand that both traditional and contemporary technologies can be used to share ideas through artwork.	Create multiple artworks to share at an art event. Research locations of local art events. Use and explore traditional and contemporary tools to create art. Use and explore traditional and contemporary tools to share ideas through artwork.
CONNECTING Anchor Standard #10. Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art. Anchor Standard #11. Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural and historical context to deepen understanding.	9.2.8.A Explain the historical, cultural and social context of an individual work in the arts.	Cultures have unique artistic traditions. Ex. Native American Pottery, Native American Weaving, African Weaving	Understand people express ideas through the arts based on traditions of their cultures.	Share ideas about cultural traditions though art making.
CONNECTING Anchor Standard #10. Synthesize and relate	9.2.8.B Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present).	Artwork often reflects the events of the historical time period it belongs to.	Artwork can be used to make statements about current events of the time period.	Evaluate and relate artwork to historical events from a certain time period.



NCAS Corrolation	PA Standards	Know	Understand	Do
knowledge and personal experiences to make art. Anchor Standard #11. Relate artistic ideas and works with	9.2.8.C Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others).	Artworks have characteristics specific to the style, genre, or time period in which they were created.	Specific styles, genres, or time periods have artwork with similar characteristics.	Evaluate and relate artwork from specific styles, genres, or time periods.
societal, cultural and historical context to deepen understanding.	9.2.8.D Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective.	Historical and cultural perspectives can change how an artwork is viewed and interpreted.	Individual artworks can be interpreted in different ways depending on historical and cultural perspectives.	Look at and discuss works of art from certain historical or cultural perspectives.
	9.2.8.E Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)	Artwork can be created for different purposes depending on historical and cultural events.	Historical and cultural events can drive the creation of art.	Look at and discuss works of art that have impacted by historical or cultural events.
RESPONDING Anchor Standard #7. Perceive and analyze artistic work.	RESPONDING 9.2.8.F The arts and humanities and social studies use between social function of the standard #7. Perceive Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social common vocabulary.		There is common vocabulary that can be used between the arts and humanitites and social studies.	Use historically appropriate vocabulary when discussing artwork.
Anchor Standard #8. Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work. Anchor Standard #9. Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work.	9.2.8.G Relate works in the arts to geographic regions: Africa Asia Australia Central America Europe North America South America	Artwork from different geographic regions have specific characteristics in common.	Artists from a geographic region can have similar artwork (style, materials, function).	Look at and discuss artwork from different geographical regions.
	9.2.8.H Identify, describe and analyze the work of Pennsylvania Artists in dance, music, theatre and visual arts.	Famous PA artists: Cassatt Warhol Eakins Haring DeMuth Calder Kline Koons Kline	Understand the characteristics of famous PA artists.	Identify the work of famous PA artists.
	9.3.8.A Know and use the critical processes in the examination of works in the arts and humanities. Compare and contrast Analyze Interpret Form and test hypotheses Evaluate/form judgments	Artists evaluate their own artwork and the work of others. We use the elements and principles to describe works of art.	Understand people make judgments about the quality of artwork.	Self-evaluate/judge artwork. Provide age-appropriate peer feedback.
	9.3.8.B Analyze and interpret specific characteristics of works in the arts within each art form.	People must be able to articulate their thoughts and defend their position in order to engage in critical analysis.	There are formal and informal processes used to assess the quality of works in the arts.	Articulate personal thoughts and defend a position within a critique of their own artwork.
	9.3.8.C Identify and classify styles, forms, types, and genre within art forms.	All artwork can be grouped by styles, forms, types, and genres.	There are different ways to group artworks.	Group various artworks by styles, forms, types, or genres.



NCAS Corrolation	PA Standards	Know	Understand	Do
		Don't use "Good"Don't use "Bad" insteadinstead use:use:SuccessfulArea that strugglesArea of StrengthDoesn't work wellElement that worksPoses an issueswellConfusingArea of interestNeeds attentionDraws our attentionOut of place	When critiquing and responding to artwork, there is specific vocabulary that should be used.	Use vocabulary when providing a critical response to peers.
	9.3.8.E Interpret and use various types of critical analysis in the arts and humanities -Contextual criticism -Formal criticism -Inuitive criticism	Contextual Criticism: a discussion of who made it, when and where it was made, its patronage and/or social purpose, and its cultural meaning and significance. Formal Criticism: the most important aspect of a work of art is its form – the way it is made and its purely visual aspects Intuitive Criticism: the use of sequential examination through comparison, analysis, interpretation, formation and testing of hypothesis and evaluation to form judgments.	There are formal and informal processes used to assess the quality of works in the arts.	Use different forms of critical analysis when viewing and discussing artwork.
	9.3.8.F Apply the process of criticism to identify characteristics among works in the arts.	Observing a work of art is an important part of understanding art and the visual world.	Understand comparing and constrasting works of art help develp an understanding of the visual world.	Compare and contrast two or more works of art.
	9.3.8.G Compare and contrast critical positions or opinions about selected works in the arts and humanities.	There are differing opinions on works in the arts depending on the viewer.	Understand comparing and contrasting opinions about works of art can help develop an understanding of the work and visual world.	Compare and contrast two or more opinions about artwork.
	9.4.8.C Describe how the attributes of the audience's environment influence aesthetic response.	The setting in which an artwork is displayed can affect the viewer's response to that work.	How and where an artwork is displayed can influence how a viewer responds to it.	View works of art from a variety of settings and share ideas of evaulation for different settings (urban, rural, suburban).
	9.4.8.D Describe to what purpose philosophical ideas generated by artists can be conveyed through works in the arts and humanities (e.g., T. Ganson's <i>Destructive Periods in Russia during Stalin's and Deniken's Leadership</i> conveys her memories and emotions of a specific incident).	Artists must be able to describe their thoughts and defend their position in order to convey ideas through the arts.	Artists can use their art to make statements about current events of the time period.	Articulate personal thoughts and defend a position within a critique of their own artwork.

Dover Area School District Curriculum Pacing Guide 6th Grade and Art							
DAYS	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6	Unit 7
1							
2							
3	Elements of Art &						
4	Principles of Design						
5 6							
6 7							
8							
9							
10							
11		Drawing					
12		Project					
13							
14							
15							
16							
17			Painting				
18			Project				
19							
20							
21 22							
22							
23							
24							
26				Ceramics			
27				Project			
28							
29							
30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36					Printmaking		
37					Project		
38							
39							
40 41							
41 42							
42							
43						Glaze	
44						Cidze	
Year long concepts		Studio Liabita: ta	ol & material care, studio ber	avior expectations crefter	anchin creativity critical re-	spansa reflection	



Subject:	Art	Grade Level:	6-8	Duration: 5 Class Periods
Key Learning	The skills and techniques of the	elements and prin	ciples of art can be learned, stu	udied, refined and practiced.
Unit Esser	ntial What are the Elements and	Principles of Art?	?	

Identified Standards Addressed in the Unit:

Ouestion:

Anchor Standard #1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #2: Organize and develop artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #3: *Refine and complete artistic work*

Anchor Standard #4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation

Anchor Standard #5: Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

Anchor Standard #6: Convey meaning through presentation of artistic work

Anchor Standard #7: Perceive and analyze artistic work

Anchor Standard #8: Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work

Anchor Standard #9: Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work

Anchor Standard #10: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art

Know (Concepts):	Do (Competencies):
Art-making is a continual process of planning, creating, and refining.	While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of
Artifacts of visual culture express experiences and ideas.	planning, creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these
	steps.

Sample Unit Activating Strategy

Do Now, Elements & Principles Slides

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Duration	1 Class Period	1 Class Period	1 Class Period
Lesson Essential Question	How can line and color be used to create art?	How can texture and value be used to create art?	How can form and shape be used to create art?
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Elements of Art - Line, Color	Elements of Art - Texture, Value	Elements of Art - Form, Shape
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection

	<u>Lesson 4</u>	<u>Lesson 5</u>	<u>Lesson 6</u>
Duration	1 Class Period	1 Class Period	
Essential Question	How can the Elements of Art be used to create art?	How can the Elements of Art be used to create art?	
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Elements of Art	Elements of Art	
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	

Authentic, Varied, and Frequent Assessment Types

Common Pre-Assessment (If applicable):

Common Summative Assessment:

Students will complete an art project that accurately represents the Elements of Art.

Unit Success Criteria:

Art Rubric, Progress Monitoring Slides, Studio Habits

- Teacher-created slideshow
- Teacher/student examples
- Art Room Supplies

Scaffolds and Enrichment					
Struggling Learners	Multi-Lingual Learners	Advanced Learners			
 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools Behavioral incentive chart Limit choice options Partner with peers 	 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools iPad for translating 	 Flexibility with materials and tools Flexibility with subject matter Flexibility with time tables 			



Subject:	Art	Grade Level: 6-8	Duration:	7 Class Periods
Key Learning	The skills and techniques of draw	ing can be learned, studie	ed, refined and practiced.	
Unit	How do I properly use and main	ain drawing supplies?		
Essential Question:				

Identified Standards Addressed in the Unit:

Anchor Standard #1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #2: Organize and develop artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #3: Refine and complete artistic work

Anchor Standard #4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation

Anchor Standard #5: Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

Anchor Standard #6: Convey meaning through presentation of artistic work

Anchor Standard #7: Perceive and analyze artistic work

Anchor Standard #8: Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work

Anchor Standard #9: Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work

Anchor Standard #10: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art

Anchor Standard #11: Relate artistic ideas and work with societal, cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding

Know (Concepts):	Do (Competencies):
Art-making is a continual process of planning, creating, and	While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of planning,
refining. Artifacts of visual culture express experiences and	creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these steps.
ideas.	

Unit Key Vocabulary • composition • drawing pencils • marker • colored pencil • chalk pastel • oil pastel • charcoal • crayon • drawing techniques

Sample Unit Activating	
Strategy	

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Duration	1-2 Class Periods	5-7 Class Periods	
Lesson Essential Question	What strategies and supplies can be used to create a drawing?	What strategies and supplies can be used to create a drawing?	
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Various drawing materials	Various drawing materials, drawing techniques	
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	

Authentic, Varied, and Frequent Assessment Types	
Common Pre-Assessment (If applicable):	
Common Summative Assessment:	
Students will complete a drawing that demonstrates good composition.	
Unit Success Criteria:	
Art Rubric, Progress Monitoring Slides, Studio Habits	

- Teacher-created slideshow
- Teacher/student examples
- Art Room Supplies

Scaffolds and Enrichment					
Struggling Learners	Multi-Lingual Learners	Advanced Learners			
 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools Behavioral incentive chart Limit choice options Partner with peers 	 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools iPad for translating 	 Flexibility with materials and tools Flexibility with subject matter Flexibility with time tables 			



Subject:	Art	Grade Level: 6-8	Duration:	7 Class Periods
Key Learning	The skills and techniques of colla	ge can be learned, studied, refined and practiced	1.	

Unit Essential	How do I properly use and maintain collage supplies?
Question:	

Identified Standards Addressed in the Unit:

Anchor Standard #1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #2: Organize and develop artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #3: Refine and complete artistic work

Anchor Standard #4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation

Anchor Standard #5: Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

Anchor Standard #6: Convey meaning through presentation of artistic work

Anchor Standard #7: Perceive and analyze artistic work

Anchor Standard #8: Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work

Anchor Standard #9: Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work

Anchor Standard #10: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art

Anchor Standard #11: Relate artistic ideas and work with societal, cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding

Know (Concepts):	Do (Competencies):
Art-making is a continual process of planning, creating, and	While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of planning,
refining. Artifacts of visual culture express experiences and	creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these steps.
ideas.	

Unit Key vocabulary • mixed media • assembly • arrangement • geometric shapes • organic shapes • juxtaposition • transformation • dislocation

Sample Unit Activating	
Strategy	

	<u>Lesson 1</u>	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Duration	2 Class Periods	5-7 Class Periods	
Lesson Essential Question	What techniques can be used in collage?	What techniques can be used in collage?	
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Mixed Media, Assembly, Arrangement, Geometric and Organic Shapes	Juxtaposition, Transformation, Dislocation	
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	

Common Pre-Assessment (If applicable):

Common Summative Assessment:

Students will demonstrate how to use and maintain collage supplies through the practice and creation of a collage.

Unit Success Criteria:

Art Rubric, Progress Monitoring Slides, Studio Habits

- Teacher-created slideshow
- Teacher/student examples
- Art Room Supplies

Scaffolds and Enrichment					
Struggling Learners	Multi-Lingual Learners	Advanced Learners			
 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools Behavioral incentive chart Limit choice options Partner with peers 	 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools iPad for translating 	 Flexibility with materials and tools Flexibility with subject matter Flexibility with time tables 			



Subject:	Art	Grade Level:	6-8	Duration:	7 Class Periods

Key Learning	The skills and techniques of painting can be learned, studied, refined and practiced.	
Unit Essential Question:	How do I properly use and maintain painting supplies?	

Identified Standards Addressed in the Unit:

Anchor Standard #1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #2: Organize and develop artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #3: Refine and complete artistic work

Anchor Standard #4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation

Anchor Standard #5: Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

Anchor Standard #6: Convey meaning through presentation of artistic work

Anchor Standard #7: Perceive and analyze artistic work

Anchor Standard #8: Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work

Anchor Standard #9: Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work

Anchor Standard #10: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art

Know (Concepts):	Do (Competencies):
Art-making is a continual process of planning, creating, and	While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of planning,
refining. Artifacts of visual culture express experiences and	creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these steps.
ideas.	

Unit Key	• watercolor • tempera • acrylic • canvas • brush care • color wheel • color mixing • primary • secondary • tertiary • analogous •
vocabulary	complimentary • monochromatic • painting techniques

Sample Unit	Do Now, teacher-created slides, teacher/student examples
Activating Strategy	

	<u>Lesson 1</u>	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Duration	1 Class Periods	5-7 Class Periods	
Lesson Essential Question	How can I safely use painting supplies?	What tools and techniques can be used in painting?	
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Watercolor, Tempera, Acrylic, Color Wheel, Color Mixing, Brush Care	Watercolor Techniques, Tempera Techniques, Acrylic Techniques	
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	

Common Pre-Assessment (If applicable):

Common Summative Assessment:

Students will demonstrate how to use and maintain painting tools through the practice and creation of a painting piece.

Unit Success Criteria:

Art Rubric, Progress Monitoring Slides, Studio Habits

- Teacher-created slideshow
- Teacher/student examples
- Art Room Supplies

Scaffolds and Enrichment			
Struggling Learners	Multi-Lingual Learners	Advanced Learners	
 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools Behavioral incentive chart Limit choice options Partner with peers 	 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools iPad for translating 	 Flexibility with materials and tools Flexibility with subject matter Flexibility with time tables 	



Subject:	Art	Grade Level: 6-8	3	Duration:	7 Class Periods	
Key	The skills and techniques of	sculpture can be learned, s	studied, refined and practice	ed.		
Learning						
Unit Essen Question:	1 1 2	and maintain sculpture sup	oplies?			

Identified Standards Addressed in the Unit:

Anchor Standard #1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #2: Organize and develop artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #3: Refine and complete artistic work

Anchor Standard #4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation

Anchor Standard #5: Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

Anchor Standard #6: Convey meaning through presentation of artistic work

Anchor Standard #7: Perceive and analyze artistic work

Anchor Standard #8: Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work

Anchor Standard #9: Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work

Anchor Standard #10: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art

Know (Concepts):	Do (Competencies):
Art-making is a continual process of planning, creating, and	While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of planning,
refining. Artifacts of visual culture express experiences and	creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these steps.
ideas.	

Unit Key	• sculpture • sculptor • form • relief • in the round • mobile • additive • subtractive • hot glue • Xacto knife
vocabulary	

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Duration	2 Class Periods	5-7 Class Periods	
Lesson Essential Question	How can I safely use sculpture supplies?	What techniques can be used in sculpture?	
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Hot glue, Xacto knife	Form, Additive, Subtractive, Mobile, In the Round, Relief	
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	

Common Pre-Assessment (If applicable):

Common Summative Assessment:

Students will demonstrate how to use and maintain sculpture supplies through the practice and creation of a sculpture.

Unit Success Criteria:

Art Rubric, Progress Monitoring Slides, Studio Habits

- Teacher-created slideshow
- Teacher/student examples
- Art Room Supplies

Scaffolds and Enrichment			
Struggling Learners	Multi-Lingual Learners	Advanced Learners	
 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools Behavioral incentive chart Limit choice options Partner with peers 	 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools iPad for translating 	 Flexibility with materials and tools Flexibility with subject matter Flexibility with time tables 	



Subject: Art	Grade Level: 6-8	Duration: 7 Class Periods
Key The skills and te Learning	echniques of ceramics can be learned, studied, refined an	nd practiced.
Unit Essential Question:How do I	properly use and maintain ceramics supplies?	
Identified Standards Addre	essed in the Unit:	
Anchor Standard #1: Genera	te and conceptualize artistic ideas and work	
Anchor Standard #2: Organiz	ze and develop artistic ideas and work	
Anchor Standard #3: Refine a	and complete artistic work	
Anchor Standard #4: Select,	analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation	
Anchor Standard #5: Develop	p and refine artistic techniques and work for presentatio	on
Anchor Standard #6: Convey	meaning through presentation of artistic work	
Anchor Standard #7: Perceiv	e and analyze artistic work	
Anchor Standard #8: Interpre	et intent and meaning in artistic work	
Anchor Standard #9: Apply c	riteria to evaluate artistic work	
Anchor Standard #10: Synthe	esize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to	make art
Anchor Standard #11: Relate	artistic ideas and work with societal, cultural, and history	orical context to deepen understanding

Know (Concepts):		Do (Competencies):	
Art-making is a continual process of planning, creating, and refining. Artifacts of visual culture express experiences and ideas.		While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of planning, creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these steps.	
• pinch • coil • slab • pottery wheel • glazing • kiln • fire • additive • subtractive • slip & score • wedging			
Sample Unit ActivatingDo Now, teacher-created slides, teacher/student examplesStrategy			

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Duration	1 Class Periods	5-7 Class Periods	1-3 Class Periods
Lesson Essential Question	How can I safely use ceramics supplies?	What techniques can be used in ceramics?	How can I finish my ceramic pieces?
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Clay, Glazing, Kiln, Fire	Pinch, Coil, Slab, Pottery Wheel, Additive, Subtractive, Slip & Score, Wedging	Glaze, Kiln, Fire
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	

Authentic, Varied, and Frequent Assessment Types **Common Pre-Assessment (If applicable): Common Summative Assessment**: Students will demonstrate how to use and maintain ceramics supplies through the practice and creation of a clay piece.

Unit Success Criteria:

Art Rubric, Progress Monitoring Slides, Studio Habits

- Teacher-created slideshow •
- Teacher/student examples •
- Art Room Supplies •

	Scaffolds and Enrichment	
Struggling Learners	Multi-Lingual Learners	Advanced Learners
 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools Behavioral incentive chart Limit choice options Partner with peers 	 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools iPad for translating 	 Flexibility with materials and tools Flexibility with subject matter Flexibility with time tables

Stage 1



		Stage	÷	
Subject:	Art	Grade Level: 6-8	Duration:	7 Class Periods
Key Learning	The skills and techniques of digi	tal art can be learned, studied, r	efined and practiced.	
Unit Essen Question:	tial How do I properly use and r	naintain digital art supplies?		
Identified	Standards Addressed in the Unit	:		
	ndard #1: Generate and conceptua			
	ndard #2: Organize and develop at			
Anchor Sta	ndard #3: Refine and complete art	istic work		

Anchor Standard #4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation

Anchor Standard #5: Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

Anchor Standard #6: Convey meaning through presentation of artistic work

Anchor Standard #7: Perceive and analyze artistic work

Strategy

Anchor Standard #8: Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work

Anchor Standard #9: Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work

Anchor Standard #10: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art

Know (Concept	s):	Do (Competencies):
Art-making is a continual process of planning, creating, and refining. Artifacts of visual culture express experiences and ideas.		While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of planning, creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these steps.
Unit Key vocabulary	• stylus • pixel • resolution • jpeg • animated	d gif • sketchbook edu • stop motion • flipaclip • photoshop
Sample Unit Activating	<i>Preview key unit vocabulary, review unit m</i> Do Now, teacher-created slides, teacher/stu	<i>aap, activate and link prior knowledge, and create engagement.</i> Ident examples

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Duration	1 Class Periods	5-7 Class Periods	
Lesson Essential Question	How can I safely use digital supplies?	What tools and techniques can be used in digital art?	
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Photoshop, Flipaclip, Stop Motion, Roomle, Minecraft Education	Stylus, Pixel, Resolution, JPEG, Animated GIF	
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	

Common Pre-Assessment (If applicable):

Common Summative Assessment:

Students will demonstrate how to use and maintain digital art tools through the practice and creation of a digital art piece.

Unit Success Criteria:

Art Rubric, Progress Monitoring Slides, Studio Habits

- Teacher-created slideshow
- Teacher/student examples
- Art Room Supplies

Scaffolds and Enrichment			
Struggling Learners	Multi-Lingual Learners	Advanced Learners	
 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools Behavioral incentive chart Limit choice options Partner with peers 	 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools iPad for translating 	 Flexibility with materials and tools Flexibility with subject matter Flexibility with time tables 	

Unit 8



		Stage 1		
Art	Grade Level:	6-8	Duration:	7 Class Periods
The skills and techniques of print	making can be lea	arned, studied, refined and prac	cticed.	

Key Learning

Subject:

Art

Unit Essential	How do I properly use and maintain printmaking supplies?
Question:	

Identified Standards Addressed in the Unit:

Anchor Standard #1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #2: Organize and develop artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #3: Refine and complete artistic work

Anchor Standard #4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation

Anchor Standard #5: Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

Anchor Standard #6: Convey meaning through presentation of artistic work

Anchor Standard #7: Perceive and analyze artistic work

Anchor Standard #8: Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work

Anchor Standard #9: Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work

Anchor Standard #10: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art

Know (Concepts):	Do (Competencies):	
Art-making is a continual process of planning, creating, and refining. Artifacts of visual culture express experiences and ideas.	While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of planning, creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these steps.	
Unit Key vocabulary • printmaking • linoleum block • ink • lino cutter • bench hook • brayer • baren • edition • proof • printing plate • positive space • negative space		
Sample Unit ActivatingDo Now, teacher-created slides, teacherStrategy	r/student examples	

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Duration	1-2 Class Periods	1-2 Class Periods	2 Class Periods
Lesson Essential Question	What can I carve on a linoleum block?	How can I safely use a lino cutter to carve my block?	How can I safely print my linoleum block design?
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Printmaking, Linoleum Block	Lino. Cutter, Bench Hook, Positive Space, Negative Space	Ink, Brayer, Printing Plate, Edition, Proof
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection

Common Pre-Assessment (If applicable):

Common Summative Assessment:

Students will demonstrate how to use and maintain printmaking tools through the practice and creation of prints.

Unit Success Criteria:

Art Rubric, Progress Monitoring Slides, Studio Habits

- Teacher-created slideshow
- Teacher/student examples
- Art Room Supplies

Scaffolds and Enrichment			
Struggling Learners	Multi-Lingual Learners	Advanced Learners	
 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools Behavioral incentive chart Limit choice options Partner with peers 	 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools iPad for translating 	 Flexibility with materials and tools Flexibility with subject matter Flexibility with time tables 	

Unit 9



Stage 1

Duration:

7 Class Periods

Key

Subject:

Art

The skills and techniques of fiber arts can be learned, studied, refined and practiced. Learning

Grade Level:

Unit Essential	How do I properly use and maintain fiber art supplies?
Question:	

6-8

Identified Standards Addressed in the Unit:

Anchor Standard #1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #2: Organize and develop artistic ideas and work

Anchor Standard #3: Refine and complete artistic work

Anchor Standard #4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation

Anchor Standard #5: Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

Anchor Standard #6: Convey meaning through presentation of artistic work

Anchor Standard #7: Perceive and analyze artistic work

Anchor Standard #8: Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work

Anchor Standard #9: Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work

Anchor Standard #10: Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art

Know (Concepts):	Do (Competencies):
Art-making is a continual process of planning, creating, and refining. Artifacts of visual culture express experiences and ideas.	While engaged in the art-making process, document the phases of planning, creating, and refining, and describe the purposes of these steps.

Unit Key vocabulary	• fiber • weave • loom • warp • weft • motif
Sample Unit Activ Strategy	Zating Do Now, teacher-created slides, teacher/student examples

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Duration	1 Class Period	5-7 Class Periods	
Lesson Essential Question	How can I correctly use the fiber arts supplies?	What techniques and materials can be used to create fiber art?	
Key Lesson Vocabulary	Fiber Art, Yarn, Weaving	Loom, Warp, Weft	
Assessment	Students complete the Daily Reflection	Students complete the Daily Reflection	

Common Pre-Assessment (If applicable):

Common Summative Assessment:

Students will demonstrate how to use and maintain fiber arts supplies through the practice and creation of a weaving.

Unit Success Criteria:

Art Rubric, Progress Monitoring Slides, Studio Habits

- Teacher-created slideshow
- Teacher/student examples
- Art Room Supplies

Scaffolds and Enrichment				
Struggling Learners	Multi-Lingual Learners	Advanced Learners		
 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools Behavioral incentive chart Limit choice options Partner with peers 	 Visual aids Flexibility with materials and tools iPad for translating 	 Flexibility with materials and tools Flexibility with subject matter Flexibility with time tables 		